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Total Dissolved Gas Levels Below Foster Dam and Implications for Chinook Salmon and Steelhead Populations

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Goal

Estimate exposure of eggs, alevin, juvenile, and adult Chinook salmon (*Oncorhynchus tshawytscha*) and steelhead (*O. mykiss*) lifestages to total dissolved gas (TDG) downstream of Foster Dam

Objectives

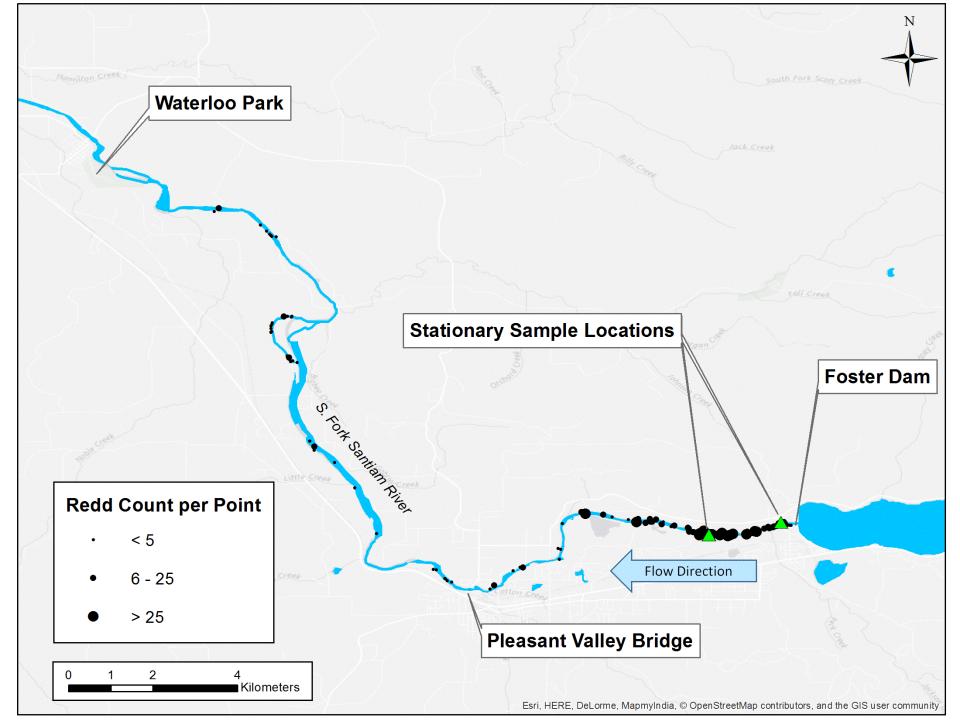
- Evaluate TDG exposure to spawning grounds downstream of Foster Dam
 - TDG in surface water
 - Depth compensated TDG in the hyporheic zone
 - Dissipation of TDG downstream
- Evaluate the relationship between Foster Dam operations and TDG levels
 - Help to inform other Willamette dam operations based on TDG exposure

Monitoring Schedule



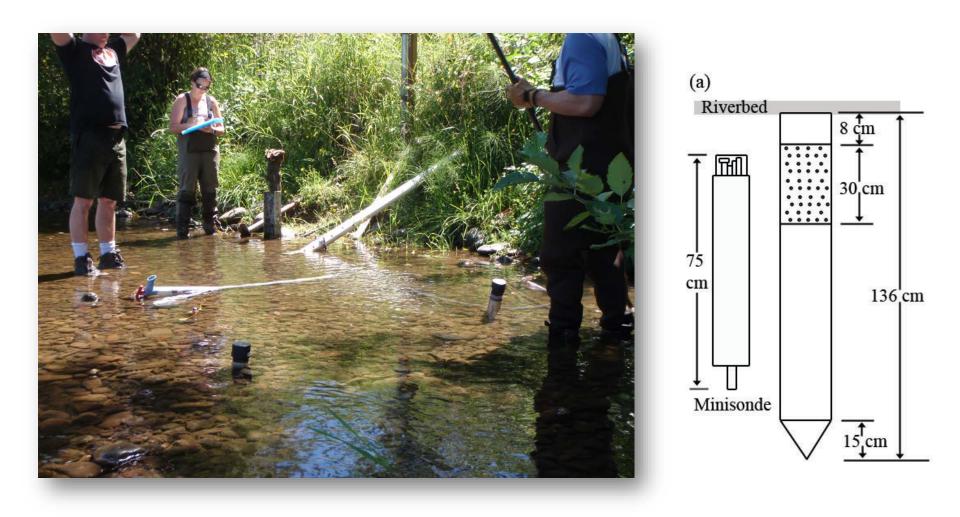
Spring Chinook Salmon								
Eggs				Alevin		Adults and Juveniles		
					Steelhead			
					Adults		Eggs	Alevin
Oct	Novi	Dee		Гор	Max	A		luna
Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
			2017					

Foster Dam Planned Spill Operations



Piezometer Installation





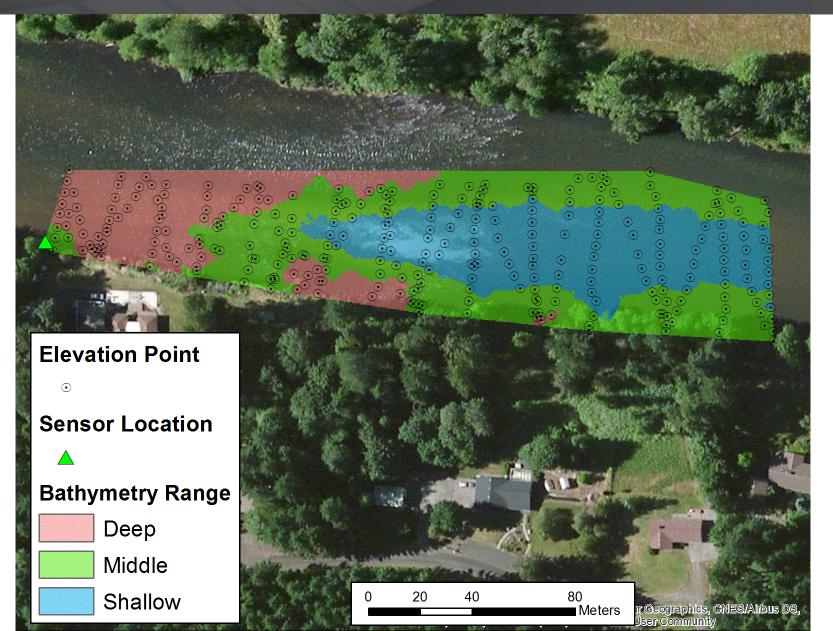
Water Quality Sensors





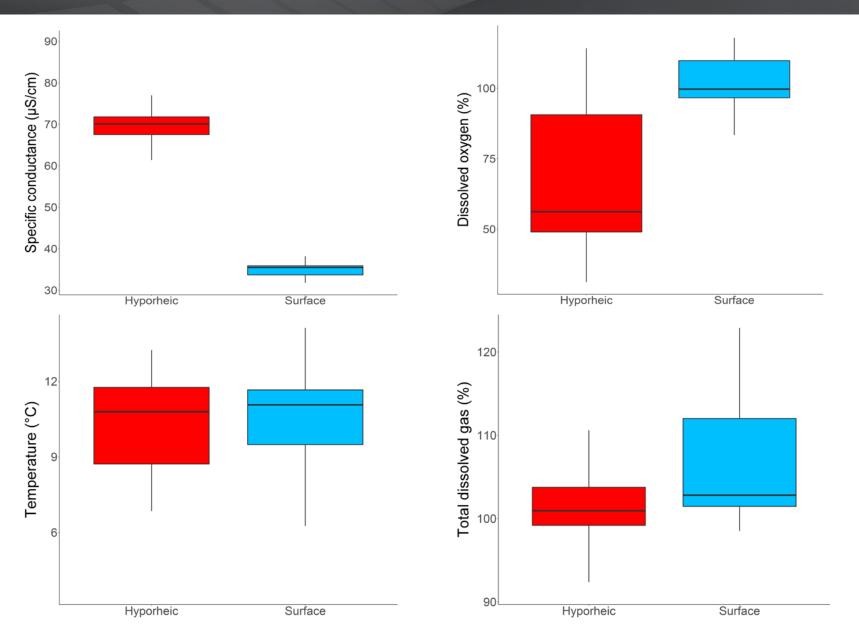
Lower Site Bathymetry





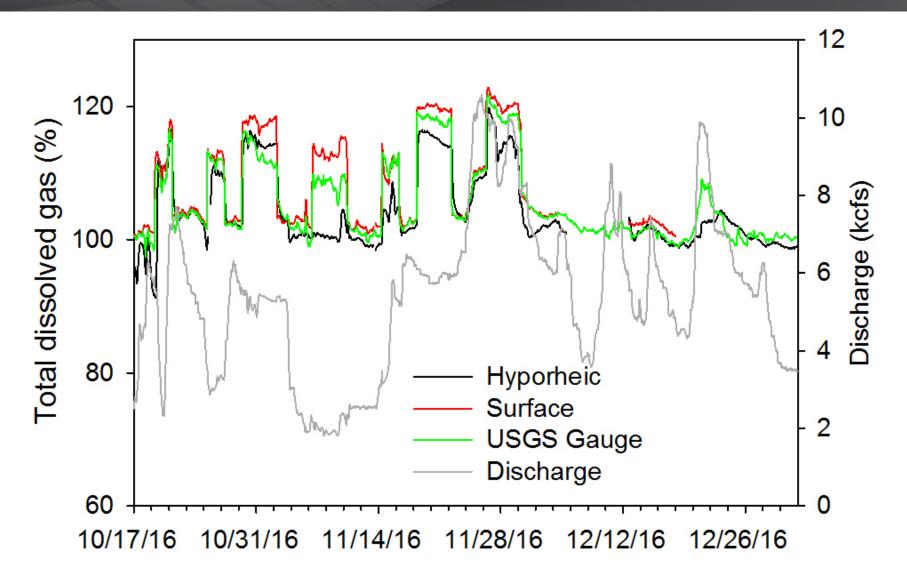
Water Quality Results





Total Dissolved Gas (%)

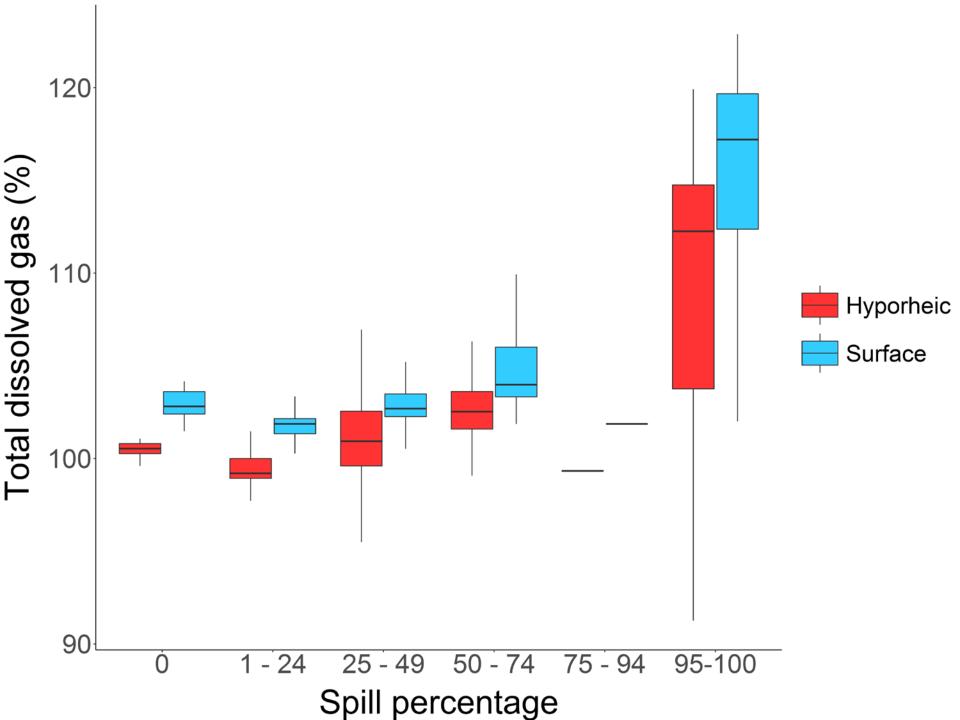




Total Dissolved Gas (%)

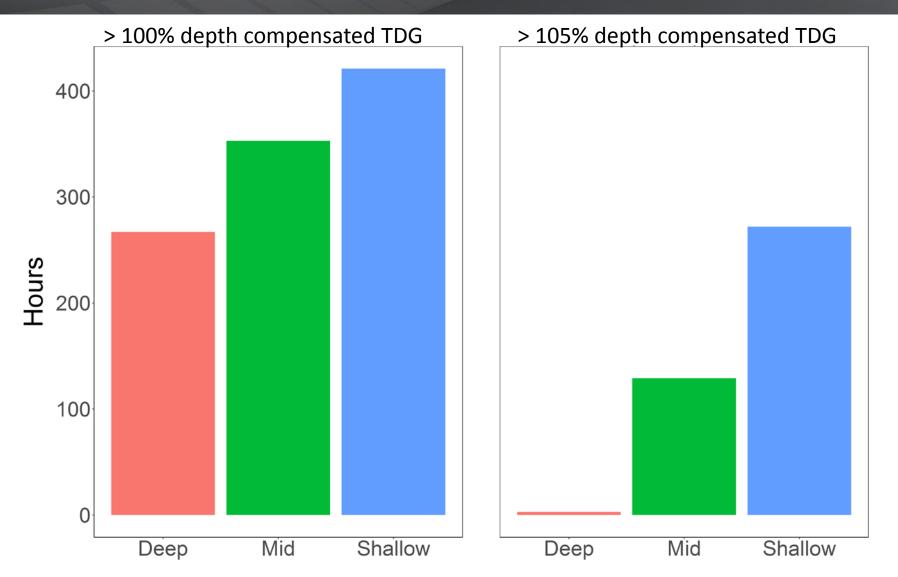


Hyporheic 100 Surface 120 USGS gauge Total dissolved gas (%) Spill percentage 80 Spill percentage 100 60 40 80 20 0 60 11/14/16 11/28/16 10/17/16 10/31/16 12/12/16 12/26/16



Depth Compensated TDG





Dissipation of TDG



120 Total dissolved gas (%) ★ Surface sensor reading 115 5.5 kcfs (98% spill) 4 kcfs (40% spill) 2.5 kcfs(6% spill) 110 105 Ó 5 10 15 20 Distance from Wiley Park (rkm)

Implications for Salmonids



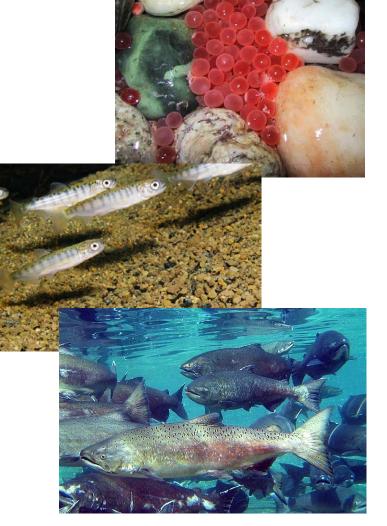
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Biological effects:

- GBD reported for various alevin species at dc TDG levels ranging from 101-108%
 - 105% generally adopted for regulatory purposes
- Juveniles/adults generally tolerate 110-120% when they can depth compensate in surface water

Depth compensated TDG for shallow redds:

- > 105% for 16.6% of monitoring period
 - 52.6% of spill only
- > 110% for 7.0% of monitoring period
 - 7% of spill only
- Surface TDG:
 - > 110% for 41.4% of monitoring period



Implications for Other Willamette Valley Project Dams



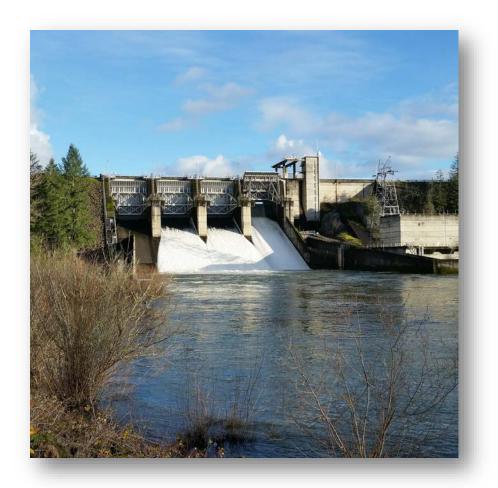


- Some WVP projects are larger than Foster
 - Higher spill volumes may generate higher TDG levels
- For example, surface TDG levels below Big Cliff Dam has exceeded 130% based on measurements from USGS gauges

Future Directions



- Monitor TDG levels through June 2017
- Perform drift surveys during key dam operations
 Spring 2017
- Change location of upper site to get a more accurate representation of water quality closer to the dam



Acknowledgements



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Foster Dam staff

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